Urea/BUN (UV) (4+1)

Intended use

Urea reagent is intended for the in-vitro quantitative and diagnostic determination of urea in human serum or urine on both automated and manual applications.

Introduction

Urea is the major product of protein nitrogen metabolism. It is synthesized by the urea cycle in the liver and excreted through the kidneys. The circulating levels of urea depend upon protein intake, protein catabolism and kidney function. Elevated urea levels can occur due to renal impairment or in some diseases such as diabetes, infection, congestive heart failure and during different liver diseases. Determination of blood urea nitrogen is the most widely used screening test for renal function together with serum creatinine.

Method

Urease-UV fixed rate (enzymatic method).

Principle

The series of reactions involved in the assay are as follows:

Urea is hydrolyzed in the presence of water and urease to produce ammonia and carbon dioxide.

Urea +
$$H_2O$$
 \longrightarrow $2NH_3 + CO_2$

In the presence of glutamate dehydrogenase (GLDH) and reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH),the ammonia combines with α ketoglutarate (α -KG) to produce L-glutamate.

The rate decrease in the NADH concentration is directly proportional to the urea concentration in the specimen. It is determined by measuring the absorbance at 340 nm.

Reagents

Reagent 1 (R1 Buffer) Tris Buffer (pH 8.5) 50 mmol/L α -Ketoglutarate 10 mmol/L GLDH 8 0 K U/I Urease 5.0 K U/L Sodium azide 8.0 mmol/L

Reagent 2 (R2Starter)

NADH >0.20 mmol/L 8 mmol/L Sodium azide

Reagent 3 (R3 Standard urea)

BUN 50 mg/dL Urea 107 mg/dL

Reagents preparation, storage and stability

Prepare the working solution by adding 4 volumes of reagent 1 (R1) and 1volume of reagent 2 (R2) eg. 400 μ l R1 +100 μ l R2.

Working solution is stable for 1 month at 2 - 8 °C or 8 days at

All reagents are stable until expiration date stated on label when stored refrigerated at 2 - 8 °C.

Once opened, the reagent vial and standard are stable for 1 months at the specified temperature.

Deterioration Do not use liquizyme BUN reagent if it is turbid or if the absorbance of the working reagent is less than 1.0 at 340 nm. Failure to recover control values within the assigned range may be an indication of reagent deterioration.

Precautions and Warnings

Do not ingest or inhalate. In case of contact with eyes or skin; rinse immediately with plenty of soap and water. In case of severe injuries; seek medical advice immediately.

Reagent contains sodium azide which may react with copper or lead plumbing.

Specimen collection and preservation

No special preparation of the patient is required. Use nonhemolyzed serum or plasma only. The only acceptable anticoagulants are heparin, EDTA and fluoride. Do not use ammonium heparin plasma.

Stability: 7 days at 15-25 °C; 7 days at 2-8 °C;

1 year at -20 °C

Urine samples are prediluted 1:50 with ammonium free water prior to assay.

Stability: 2 days at 15 - 25 °C; 7 days at 2 - 8 °C;

1 month at -20 °C

Procedure

Wavelength 340 nm Optical path 1 cm Fixed Rate Assay type Direction Decrease 1:100 Sample: Reagent Ratio

Delay time 30 seconds

Read time 60 seconds 37 °C Temperature

Zero adjustment Against Dist. water Reagent Blank Limits Low 1.00 AU High 2.0 AU

Standard Specimen Working solution 1 ml 1 ml Standard 10 µl Specimen 10 ul

Mix, and after 30 seconds read the absorbance A1 of the standard or specimen. Exactly 1 minute later, read the absorbance A2 of standard or specimen.

Calculation

 Δ A specimen = A1 specimen - A2 specimen Δ A standard = A1 standard - A2 standard

Δ^Aspecimen x n Serum urea concentration (mg/dL) = Λ Astandard

where n = 107.0 mg/dL

Urine urea concentration is determined by multiplying the result

by the dilution factor (50).

Quality control

Normal and abnormal control serum of known concentration should be analyzed with each run.

Interference

Haemolysis

Erythrocyte contamination doesn't elevate results. Haemolytic specimens may cause high absorbance flagging.

Icterus

No significant interference.

Lipemia

Lipemic specimens may cause high absorbance flagging. Diluted sample treatment may be recommended.

Anticoagulants

Ammonium heparin should not be used.

Others

Ammonium ions should be avoided since it may cause erroneously elevated results.

Expected Values

Urea (Serum)

BUN (Serum)

Adults <65 years : 7-23.5 mg/dL Adults >65 years : 7-32.9 mg/dL Children : 5-18 mg/dL

Urine (24 hours)

Urea: 20-35 g/24hrs (330-580 mmol/24hrs)

BUN: 9.3-16.4 g/24hrs

Performance characteristics

Method Comparison

A comparison between NS Biotec Diagnostics Urea (UV) reagent and a commercial reagent of the same methodology was performed on 20 human sera. A correlation of 0.992 was obtained.

Precision

Within run (Repeatiblity)

	Level 1	Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (mgldL)	45	150
SD	0.7	2.7
CV%	1.5	1.95

Run to run (Reproducibility)

	Level 1	Level 2
n	20	20
Mean (mgldL)	47	153
SD	0.82	2.81
CV%	1.63	2.15

Sensitivity

When run as recommended, the minimum detection limit of the assay is 0.9 mg/dL.

Linearity

The reaction is linear up to a urea concentration of 200 mg/dL. Specimens showing higher concentration should be diluted 1+2 with physiological saline and repeat the assay (result \times 3).

waste disposal:

This product is made to be used in professional laboratories. Please consult local regulations for a correct waste disposal. S56: dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

S57: use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

S61: avoid release in environment. refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Reference:

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- 2. Tiffany TO, jansen JM, Burtis CA, Overtion JB, SCOTT CD. Enzymatic kinetic rate and endpoint analyses of substrate, by use of a gemsaec fast analyzer. Clin Chem. 1972.
- 3. Shephard MD, Mezzachi RD: Clin Biochem Revs,1983.



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